

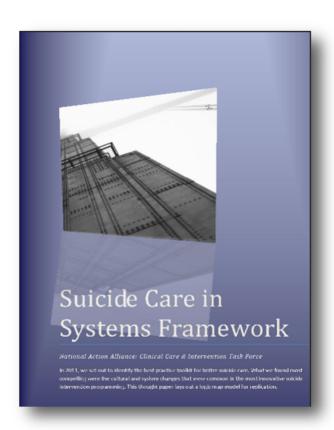
WHAT IS ZERO SUICIDE/ SUICIDE SAFE CARE? WHY NOW?

Texas Suicide Prevention Symposium August 2015 Mike Hogan, Ph.D.





Where it Began: Action Alliance Clinical Care and Intervention Task Force Report



Access at: www.zerosuicide.com

Zero Suicide/Suicide Safe Care is...

- A framework for systematic, clinical suicide prevention in behavioral health and healthcare systems.
- Now embedded in the National Strategy for Suicide Prevention.
- A focus on error reduction and safety in healthcare.
- A set of best practices and tools including <u>www.zerosuicide.com</u>.
- A movement and a mission...strong in Texas

2012 National Strategy for Suicide Prevention:

GOALS AND OBJECTIVES FOR ACTION

A report of the U.S. Surgeon General and of the National Action Alliance for Suicide Prevention

GOAL 8: Promote suicide prevention as a core component of health care services.

GOAL 9: Promote and implement effective clinical and professional practices for assessing and treating those at risk for suicidal behaviors.

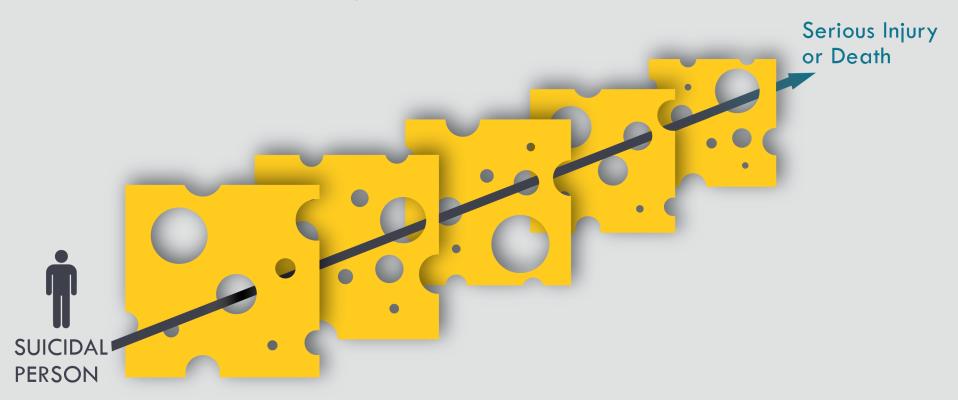
- 45% of people who died by suicide had contact with **primary care** providers in the month before death. Among older adults, it's 78%.
- 19% of people who died by suicide had contact with mental health services in the month before death. About 1/3 were receiving mental health care
- South Carolina: 10% of people who died by suicide were seen in an **emergency department** in the two months before death.

• **Ohio:** Between 2007-2011, 20.2% of people who died from suicide were seen in the public behavioral health system within 2 years of death.

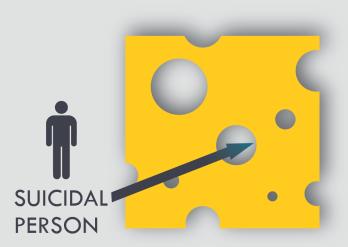
- **New York:** In 2012 there were 226 suicide deaths reported among consumers of public mental health services, accounting for 13% of all suicide deaths in the state.
- **Vermont:** In 2013, 20.4% of the people who died from suicide received care from state-funded mental health or substance abuse treatment agencies within 1 year of death.



WITHOUT IMPROVED SUICIDE CARE, PEOPLE SLIP THROUGH GAPS









THE TOOLS OF ZERO SUICIDE FILL THE GAPS



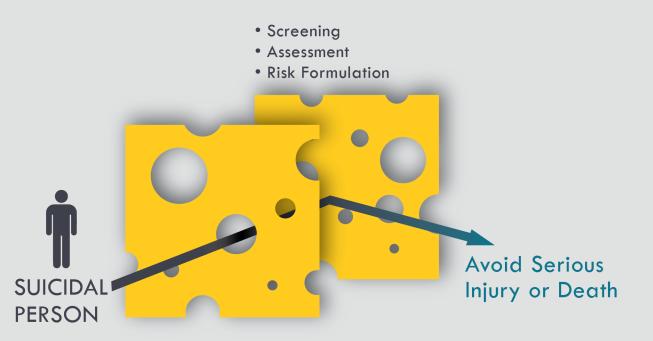


THE TOOLS OF ZERO SUICIDE FILL THE GAPS



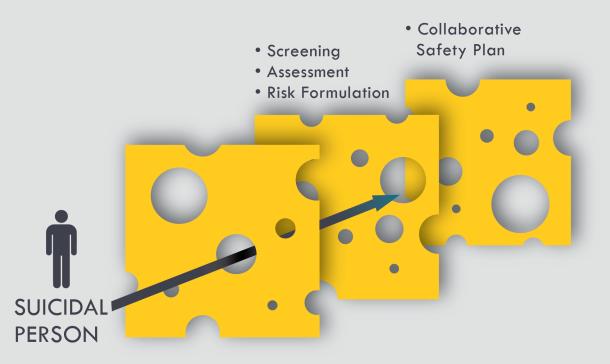


THE TOOLS OF ZERO SUICIDE FILL THE GAPS



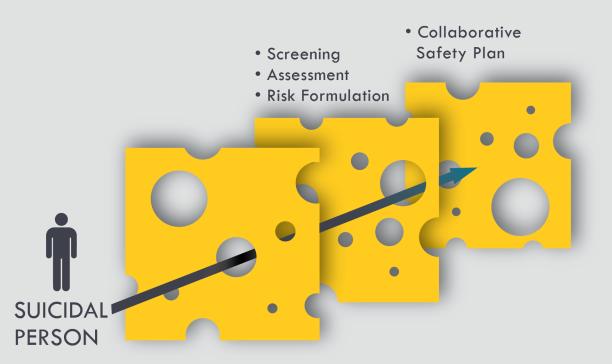


THE TOOLS OF ZERO SUICIDE FILL THE GAPS



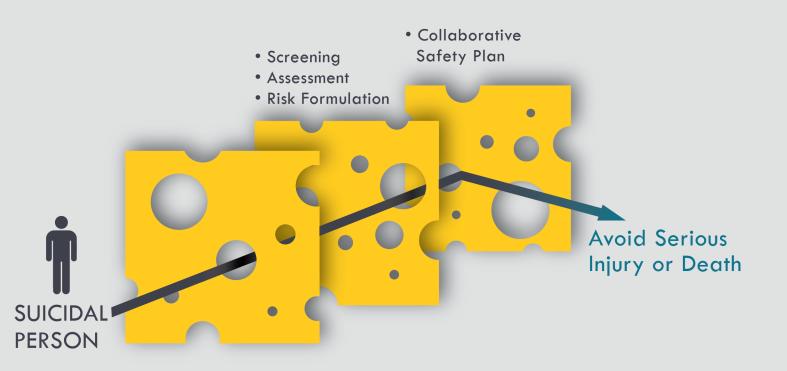


THE TOOLS OF ZERO SUICIDE FILL THE GAPS



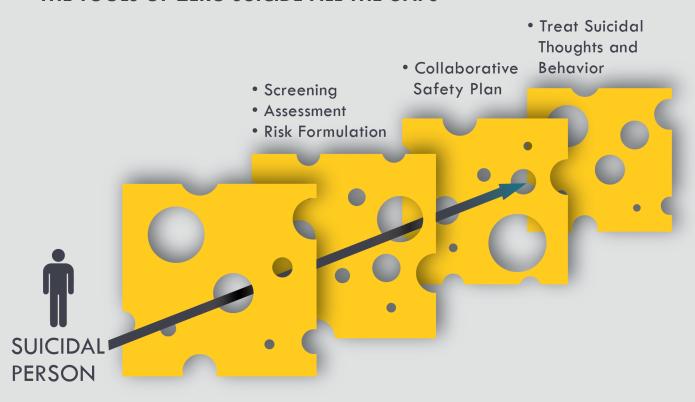


THE TOOLS OF ZERO SUICIDE FILL THE GAPS



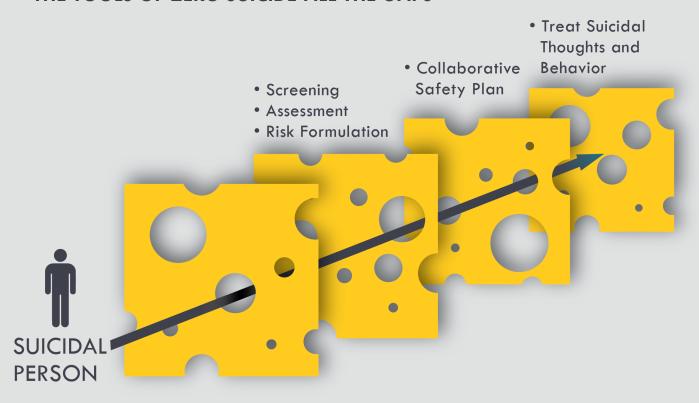


THE TOOLS OF ZERO SUICIDE FILL THE GAPS



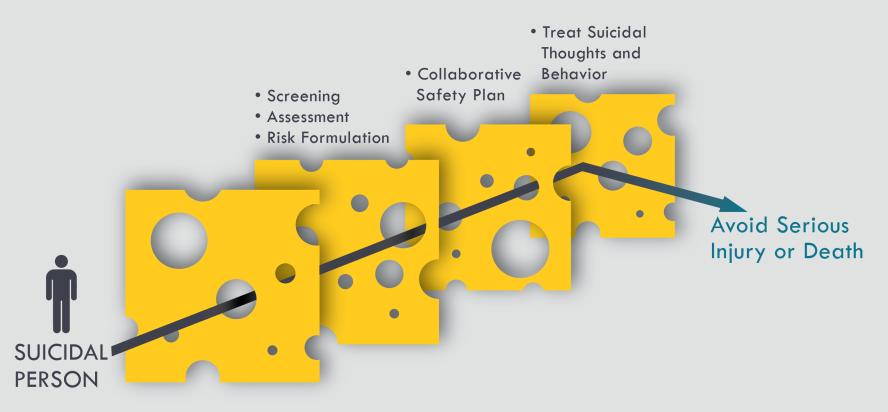


THE TOOLS OF ZERO SUICIDE FILL THE GAPS





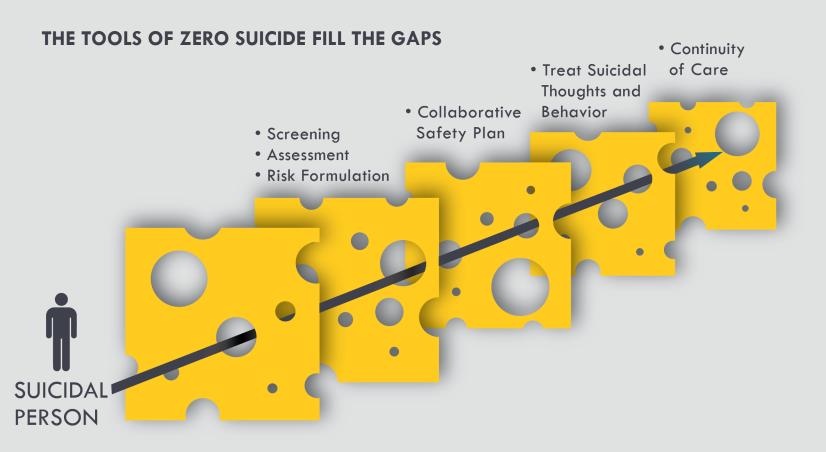
THE TOOLS OF ZERO SUICIDE FILL THE GAPS





THE TOOLS OF ZERO SUICIDE FILL THE GAPS Continuity of Care • Treat Suicidal Thoughts and Collaborative Behavior Safety Plan • Screening Assessment Risk Formulation **SUICIDAL PERSON**





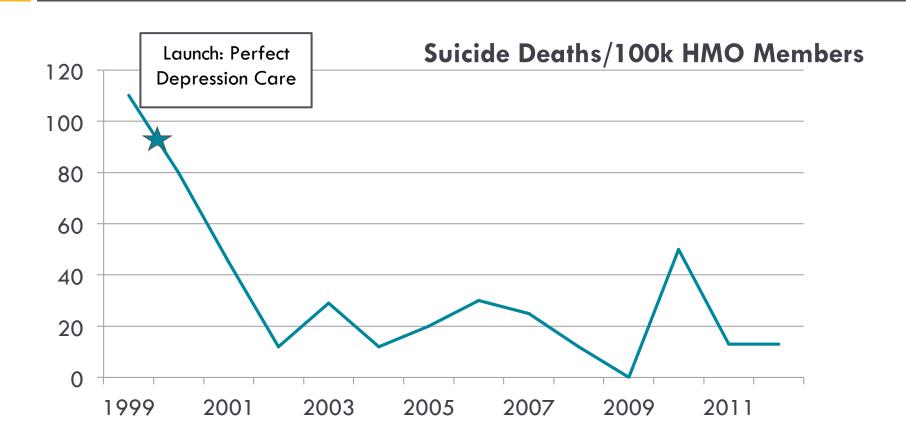




What is Different in Suicide Safe Care?

- Making suicide prevention a core responsibility of health care
- Applying new knowledge about suicide and treating it directly
- A systematic clinical approach in health systems, not "the heroic efforts of crisis staff and individual clinicians."
- System-wide approaches have worked to prevent suicide:
 - United States Air Force Suicide Prevention Program
 - UK (While et al., 2009)
 - Henry Ford Health System

A System-Wide Approach for Health Care: Henry Ford Health System





Early ZS Innovators are Seeing Results: Centerstone

